15

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An optical data medium comprising a substrate that is optionally already coated with one or more reflective layers and on the surface of which have been applied
- 5 (1) an information layer that can be recorded on using light, wherein the information layer contains (i) a light-absorbing compound comprising at least one phthalocyanine and (ii) optionally a binder,
 - (2) optionally one or more reflective layers, and
 - (3) optionally a protective layer or a further substrate or a covering layer,

wherein the optical data medium can be recorded on and read using blue light.

- 2. An optical data medium according to Claim 1 wherein the substrate is transparent.
- 3. An optical data medium according to Claim 1 wherein the blue light is provided by a laser light.
- 4. An optical data medium according to Claim 1 wherein the phthalocyanine dye corresponds to the formula (I)

$$MPc[R^3]_w[R^4]_x[R^5]_v[R^6]_z$$
 (I),

20 in which

Pc represents a phthalocyanine,

M represents two independent H atoms, a divalent metal atom, a trivalent axially monosubstituted metal atom of the formula (Ia)

25 a tetravalent axially disubstituted metal atom of the formula (lb)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_1 & & \\ I^1 & & \\ Me & & \\ I & & \\ X_2 & & \end{array}$$
 (Ib), or

10

15

20

25

a trivalent axially monosubstituted and axially monocoordinated metal atom of the formula (Ic)

Х₁ |Ме (lc)

with the proviso that when X₁ or X₂ is a charged ligand, the charge is compensated by an oppositely charged ion,

in which

 X^1 and X^2 , independently of one another, represent halogen. hydroxyl, oxygen, cyano, thiocyanato, cyanato, alkenyl, alkinyl, arylthio, dialkylamino, alkyl, alkoxy, acyloxy, alkylthio, aryl, aryloxy, -O-SO₂R⁸, O-PR¹⁰R¹¹, -O-P(O)R¹²R¹³, -O-SiR¹⁴R¹⁵R¹⁶, NH₂, alkylamino and the radical of a heterocyclic amine,

R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ correspond to substituents of the phthalocvanine and independently of one another, represent halogen, cyano, nitro, alkyl, aryl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkoxy, alkylthio, aryloxy, arylthio, SO₃H, SO₂NR¹R², CO₂R⁹, CONR¹R², NH-COR⁷, or a radical of the formula -(B)m-D, in which

- denotes a bridge member selected from the group consisting В of a direct bond, CH2, CO, CH(alkyl), C(alkyl)2, NH, S, O, or -CH=CH-, such that (B)_m denotes a chemically reasonable sequence of bridge members B with m = 1 to 10, and
- D represents the monovalent radical of a redox system of the formula

$$Z^{1}$$
 $CH = CH$ Y^{1} (Red)

$$z^{1}$$
 $CH = CH$ Y^{1} $CH = CH$ Y^{2} Y^{2} $CH = CH$ Y^{2} Y^{2

10

15

or represents a metallocenyl radical or metallocenylcarbonyl radical, wherein Z^1 and Z^2 , independently of one another, represent NR'R", OR", or SR",

Y¹ represents NR', O, or S,

Y² represents NR',

n represents 1 to 10, and

R' and R", independently of one another, represent hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl or hetaryl, or form a direct bond or a bridge to one of the C atoms of the

$$-(CH=CH)_n$$
 or $=(CH-CH)_n$ chain,

w, x, y and z, independently of one another, represent 0 to 4 and the sum w+x+y+z is ≤ 16 ,

R¹ and R², independently of one another, represent hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, or aryl, or R¹ and R², together with the N atom to which they are bonded, form a heterocyclic 5-, 6-, or 7-membered ring, optionally with participation of further hetero atoms, and

R⁷ and R¹⁶, independently of one another, represent alkyl, aryl, hetaryl, or hydrogen.

- - (1) two independent H atoms or a divalent metal atom selected from the group consisting of Cu, Ni, Zn, Pd, Pt, Fe, Mn, Mg, Co, Ru, Ti, Be, Ca, Ba, Cd, Hg, Pb, and Sn,
- (2) a trivalent axially monosubstituted metal atom of the formula (Ia) in
 which Me represents Al, Ga, Ti, In, Fe, or Mn, or
 - (3) a tetravalent metal atom of the formula (lb) in which Me represents Si, Ge, Sn, Zn, Cr, Ti, Co, or V.

10

15

20

25

- 6. An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein M represents a radical of the Formula (Ia) in which Me represents AI, X_1 and X_2 represent halogen, aryloxy, or alkoxy, and w, x, y, and z each represent 0.
- 7. An optical data medium according to Claim 4 wherein M represents a radical of the Formula (lb) in which Me represents Si, X_1 and X_2 represent halogen, aryloxy, or alkoxy, and w, x, y, and z each represent 0.
- 8. A process for the production of the optical data medium according to Claim 1 comprising coating a substrate that is optionally already coated with a reflective layer with a phthalocyanine dye, optionally in combination with suitable binders and additives and optionally suitable solvents, and optionally providing the substrate with a reflective layer, further intermediate layers, and optionally a protective layer or a further substrate or a covering layer.
- 9. A process for the production of the optical data media according to Claim 8 wherein the coating with the phthalocyanine dye is effected by spin-coating, sputtering, or vapor deposition.
- 10. An optical data medium having a recordable information layer, wherein the optical data medium is obtained by recording on an optical data medium according to Claim 1 using blue light.
- 11. An optical data medium having a recordable information layer, wherein the optical data medium is obtained by recording on an optical data medium according to Claim 1 using a laser light having a wavelength of 360 to 460 nm.